

Unit 4, Reference List

1. A: Wànli Chángchéng zhēn yǒu yíwàn lǐ cháng ma? Is the Great Wall of Ten Thousand Li really ten thousand li long?
- B: Chángchéng jīngguòle hǎoyǐge shěng, yígòng yǒu yíwàn èrqiān lǐ cháng. The Great Wall goes through many provinces and is altogether twelve thousand li long.
2. A: Tīngshuō Wànli Chángchéng xiūguo hǎoyǐcì le. I've heard that the Great Wall has been repaired a great many times.
- B: Shì, cóng Qíncháo dào xiànzài yízhí zài xiū. Yes, from the Qín Dynasty up until now, there have been repairs all along.
3. A: Bādǎlíngshangde Chángchéng hǎoxiàng bú shì Qíncháo jiànzhùde. It seems to me that the Great Wall at Bādǎlíng wasn't built during the Qín Dynasty.
- B: Ng, nǐ shuōde duì, shì Míngcháo chóngxīn jiànzhùde. Mm, you're right. It was rebuilt from scratch during the Míng Dynasty.
4. A: Zài lìshǐshang yǒu zhème duō cì yòng Běijīng zuò shǒudū. Throughout history Běijīng has been used as a capital so many times.
- B: Nà shì yīnwèi dìxíng hǎo. That's because the terrain is good.
5. A: Zhèizhǒng dìxíng bǐjiǎo róngyì fángbèi běifāng láiide qīnlüè. This kind of terrain makes it easier to guard against invasion from the north.
6. A: Nǐmen yóulǎn jīhuàlǐ yǒu méiyǒu Shísānlíng? Does your sightseeing plan include the Thirteen Tombs?
- B: Wǒ zhīdao nǐmen jiànzhù gōngsuǒzhě duì Shísānlíngde dìxià gōngdiàn hěn yǒu xìngqù, wǒmen hòutiān qù. I know that all of you in architecture and structural engineering are very interested in the underground palaces at the Thirteen Tombs. We'll go the day after tomorrow.

7. A: Chúle gǔdài Zhōngguó jiànzhù yìshù yìwài, nǐmen hái xiǎng qù kàn shénme? What would you like to go see in addition to ancient Chinese architectural art?
- B: Tīngshuō yǒu jǐge jiàotáng yě kāi mén le. Wǒmen xiǎng qù kànkàn. I've heard that there are also some churches which have opened. We would like to go see them.
8. A: Wǒ yào dào Tiān'ānmén qù kànkàn. Zuǒ jǐlù gōnggòng qìchē hǎo? I want to go see the Gate of Heavenly Peace. What bus should I take?
- B: Xīngqītiān qìchē kě jǐ le. Nǐ zuǐ hǎo zǒuzhe qù. It's Sunday and buses are really crowded. It would be best to walk.
9. A: Wǒ hěn xīnshǎng nǐmen jiěfàng yǐhòu gǎide Shí Dà Jiànzhù. I really admire the Ten Great Structures you've built since liberation.
- B: Nín tài kèqǐ le. You're too polite.\*
10. A: Wǒmen yǐjīng juéding chīle fàn yǐhòu qù mǎi dōngxī. We've already decided that after we eat we're going shopping.
- B: Hǎo. Cóng zhèr chuānguò guǎngchǎng jiù yǒu shāngdiàn le. Okay, from here cross through the square and there are some stores.
11. A: Gùgōng yìtiān kàndewán kànbuwán? Can you see all of the Imperial Palace in one day?!
- B: Yìtiān nǎr kàndewán! How could you see it all in one day?
12. A: Shéi qùguo Zhōngguó, shéi jiù huì xiǎngzhe ta. Whoever goes to China will always think of it.
13. chádài dynasty

14. The Major Chinese Dynasties

Qīng	1644-1911	Suí	581-618
Míng	1368-1644	Hàn	206 B.C.-A.D. 220
Yuán	1271-1368	Qín	221 B.C.-207 B.C.
Jīn	1115-1234	Zhōu	c. 11th century-256 B.C.
Liáo	916-1125	Shāng	c. 16th-11th century B.C.
Sòng	960-1297	Xià	c. 21st-16th century B.C.
Táng	618-907		

\*He really is.

Unit 4, Vocabulary List

Bāodǎylǐng (Bāodǎylǐng)	(mountain northwest of Běijīng, site of a famous section of the Great Wall)
-cháo	dynasty (bound form)
cháodài	dynasty
chóngxīn	again, anew, afresh
chuānguò	to pass, to cross
dìxíng	topography, terrain
fángbèi	to take precautions against
gài	to build (buildings); to cover
gōngdiàn	palace
gōngzuòzhě	worker
guāngchǎng	(public) square
gǔdài	ancient times, antiquity
Gùgōng	Former Imperial Palace
jǐ	to be crowded
jiànzhù (-zhù, -zhu)	to build, to construct; structure
jiàotáng	church, cathedral
juéding	to decide
kě	indeed, certainly
-lǐ	<u>lǐ</u> , a unit of length (1/2 km.)
Míngcháo	(name of a dynasty, 1368-1644)
Ōuzhōu	Europe
Qiánmén	(a gate in Běijīng)
Qíncháo	(name of a dynasty, 221-207 B.C.)
qīnlüè	to invade; aggression
shěng	province
Shísānlǐng	the Thirteen Tombs (Míng Tombs)
shǒudū	capital
Tiān'ānmén	the Gate of Heavenly Peace
Tiān Tán	the Temple of Heaven
Wànǐ Chángchéng	the Great Wall of Ten Thousand <u>lǐ</u>
xīnshǎng	to appreciate/enjoy/admire
xiū	to build, to construct (roads, reservoirs, etc.); to repair; to trim, prune
Yīhéyuán (Yī-)	the Summer Palace (in Běijīng)
yìshu	art
yóulǎn	to sightsee, to tour, to visit